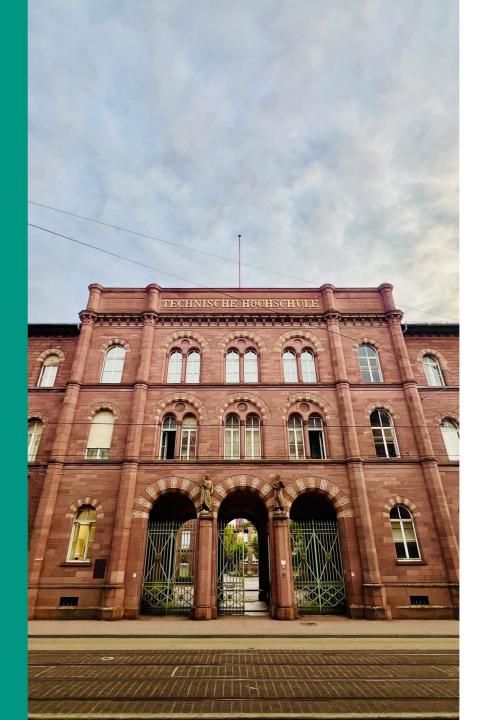
Subtitle: An Introduction to CELbeamer.cls

Jone Doe, Hedongliang Liu and Laurent Schmalen

September 12, 2025











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#### **Overview**

#### - Basic Usage

Options
Color Boxes

#### - Frames

Title and Footer Grid Page for Hand-written Notes Footnotes

#### - Other Tips

Citations
Handout Mode
Macros



## **Usages Options**



The following options can be used by putting the command:

- en (default) for English, de for German
- helvet (default) for Helvetica font, franklin for Franklin Gothic font
- bigfoot (default) sets the footer font size as 12pt; smallfoot sets the footer font size as 11pt.
- navbaron to show the navigation bar
- kitgrid to show the grid of rows and columns



## **Usages Options**



The following options can be used by putting the <option> in the \documentclass[<option>]{CELbeamer.cls} command:

- en (default) for English, de for German
- helvet (default) for Helvetica font, franklin for Franklin Gothic font
- bigfoot (default) sets the footer font size as 12pt; smallfoot sets the footer font size as 11pt.
- navbaron to show the navigation bar
- kitgrid to show the grid of rows and columns
- handout to create a handout version of the slides
- spaceforface to leave space for face in recording
- overviewatsection to show the table of contents at each section
- showsubsectionsatfirstoverview to show all subsections at the first overview



Communication Engineering Lab (CEI

## **Font Size Examples**



Footnotesize text
Footnotesize text
Small text
Normal text
large text
Large text
LARGE text
huge text
Huge text
Huge text



#### **Color Blocks**



#### in the KIT Color Scheme

Greenblock	Royalblueblock	Redblock
Standard (block)	= exampleblock	= alertblock
Grayblock	Lightgrayblock	Blueblock
Text	Text	Text
Brownblock	Purpleblock	Cyanblock
Text	Text	Text
Yellowblock	Lightgreenblock	Orangeblock
Text	Text	Text

#### Contentblock

This is a content block without color.



#### **Color Boxes**



#### with Filled Background

**Standard box** 

**Gray highlight box** 

**Highlight box** 

**Light gray highlight box** 



## Slide Layout via Column Split



The pre-defined lengths \kitcolumn, \kittwocolumns, ..., \kitsixcolumns can be used to create columns of different widths.

This is a three-column layout.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna.

This is another three-column layout.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna.

Two column box

Two column box

Two column box



### **Overview**



- Basic Usage
- Frames
  - Title and Footer
    Grid Page for Hand-written Notes
    Footnotes
- Other Tips



#### **Title**



#### Subtitle

With frames with the option [t], the content is not vertically centered but started at the top edge.





With frames without a title, the free space for title can be used for content.





### **Notes Page with Grid Lines**



The command \pagesNotes {< label>} {< subtitle of the note page>} can be used to create a page with grid lines for notes, shown on the next slide.

\refnotes<\label> creates a symbol linked to the page with notes.

Let's learn more about entropy!

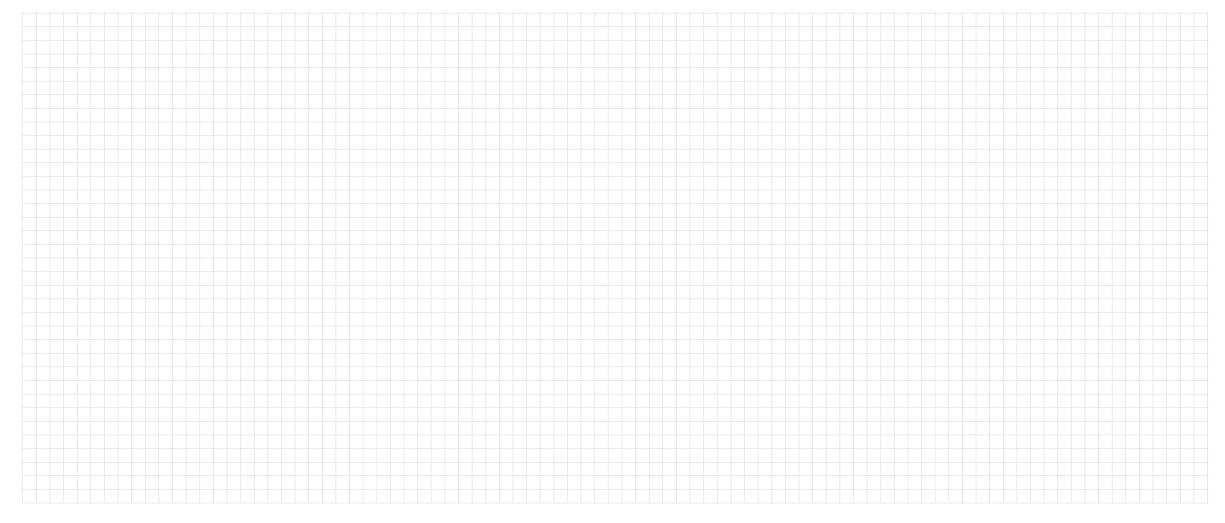
Let's learn more about divergence!



### **Notes**

## 

## Entropy

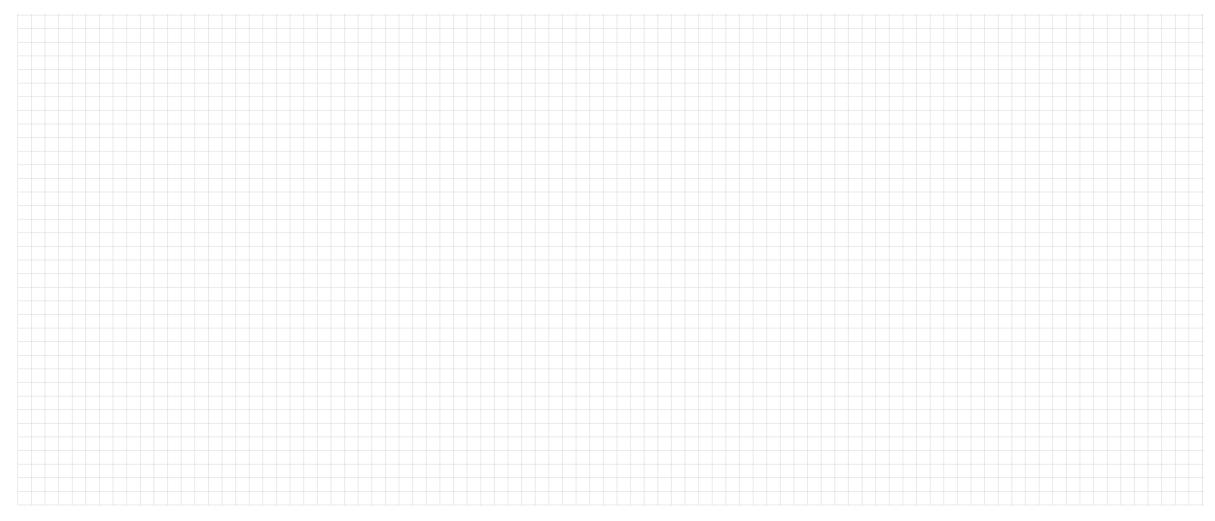




### **Notes**



## **Divengence**





#### **Footnotes**



- This is a normal footnote<sup>1</sup>.
- \nomarkfootnote creates a footnote without a mark in the text.
- This is another normal footnote<sup>2</sup>.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This is a normal footnote.

This is a footnote without a mark.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This is another normal footnote.

### **Overview**



- Basic Usage
- Frames
- Other Tips

Citations
Handout Mode
Macros



## Citations in Footnote using BibLaTeX



Citations in beamer were often dealed bypasting the full text.

The biblatex package enables citing from your .bib file.

Here are several examples of usage:

- Cite full text in footnote<sup>3</sup> by \footfullcite.
- If the mark is not wanted, combine \nomarkfootnote and \fullcite.
- Cite author and year in text Rode, Geiger, Chimmalgi, and Schmalen, 2023.
- Cite title in text "End-to-end deep learning of optical fiber communications."
- Use \supercite to cite the alphabetic bibkey [LHGW18; KCT+18].

For more usage please refer to Biblatex Cheat Sheet.

A. Rode, B. Geiger, S. Chimmalgi, and L. Schmalen, "End-to-end optimization of constellation shaping for Wiener phase noise channels with a differentiable blind phase search,", vol. 41, no. 12, pp. 3849–3859, Jun. 2023



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>A. Rode, W. A. Gebrehiwot, S. Chimmalgi, and L. Schmalen, "Optimized geometric constellation shaping for Wiener phase noise channels with Viterbi-Viterbi carrier phase estimation," in *Proc. Eur. Conf. Opt. Commun. (ECOC)*, Glasgow, UK, Oct. 2023.

## Cite in *CEL* Style



Cite the in text by \citereference{<bibkey>}. E.g.,

- End-to-end learning applied to optimize multidimensional constellations for IM/DD links [KCT+18]
- End-to-end learning of transceivers for the nonlinear Fourier transform [GJDZ20]
- Constellation optimization for the zero-dispersion channel [LHGW18]

Then add the references at the bottom of the page by \addreference{<bibid>} for single reference, or addreferences{<bibid><bibid>...<bibid>\stoppreferences} for multiple references.

B. Karanov et al., "End-to-end deep learning of optical fiber communications,", vol. 36, no. 20, pp. 4843–4855, 2018 [KCT+18]

S. Gaiarin, R. Jones, F. Da Ros, and D. Zibar, "End-to-end optimized nonlinear fourier transform-based coherent communications," in 2020 Conference on Lasers and Electro-Optics [GJDZ20] (CLEO), IEEE, 2020, pp. 1–2

[LHGW18] S. Li, C. Häger, N. Garcia, and H. Wymeersch, "Achievable information rates for nonlinear fiber communication via end-to-end autoencoder learning," in 2018 European Conference on Optical Communication (ECOC), IEEE, 2018, pp. 1–3



Communication Engineering Lab (CE



- One: This will not be shown in the handout version.
- Two: This will not be shown in the handout version.





- One: This is shown on the first slide of this frame in the handout version.
- Two: This is also shown on the first slide in the handout version.



Doe, Liu & Schmalen: short title



- One: This is shown on the first slide of this frame in the handout version.
- Two: This is also shown on the first slide in the handout version.
- Three: This is shown on the second slide in the handout version.





- One: This is shown on the first slide of this frame in the handout version.
- Two: This is also shown on the first slide in the handout version.
- Four: This is also shown on the second slide in the handout version.



#### **Predefined Macros**



- Schlagwort for highlighting keywords

#### Math macros

- lacktriangle \coloneq := for defining a new variable, e.g., a := b + c
- $\blacksquare$  \myspan{ $\cdot$ } for span notation, e.g.  $\langle a, b, c \rangle$
- \ceil{·} [x] for ceiling function, e.g., [3.14] = 4
- \floor{·}  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  for floor function, e.g.,  $\lfloor 3.14 \rfloor = 3$
- \dd for differential operator, e.g.,  $\int f(x) dx$ ,  $\frac{df(x)}{dx}$
- $\blacksquare$  \real Re for real part, e.g., Re(z)
- \imag Im for imaginary part, e.g., Im(z)



## Math Macros (Cont'd)



- \sinc  $\operatorname{sinc}(x)$  for sinc function, e.g.,  $\operatorname{sinc}(x) = \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}$
- \rect rect(x) for rectangular function, e.g.,  $rect(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & |x| \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

#### Math symbols:

- $\blacksquare$  \cA,  $\cdots$   $\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C}, \cdots$  for calligraphic letters
- $\mathbf{0}$ ,  $\mathbf{n}$ ,  $\alpha$ , M,  $\mathcal{M}$  for bold math symbols
- $\blacksquare$   $\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{R}, \mathbb{Z}$  blackboard bold symbols for the sets of natural numbers, real numbers, and integers, respectively
- $\blacksquare \mathbb{F}, \mathbb{F}_q, \mathbb{F}_{q^m}$  for finite field
- A, B, C, · · · sans-serif math letters, usually for naming instead of parameters in notations



## **Backup Parts**



#### Backup Parts

Slides that are inserted after \beginbackup do not count towards the total number of slides.



#### **KIT Color Palette**



